(LVIIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2969.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1802.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6.

By captain M'Calliſter of the Fanny, who arrived yeſterday from Amſterdam, but laſt in 40 days from Cowes, where he by his great attention procured papers to the 25th of Auguſt, from which we are enabled to furniſh the following advices, ſix days later than any before received.

GENOA, Auguſt 5.

WE have juſt received a note of the depredations which the dey of the regency of Algiers has been exerciſing for ſix months upon the different powers of Europe.

It is uſeful to publiſh it; and in reading it, we ſhall be leſs aſtoniſhed at the extreme rapacity than at the audacity of this Barbarian, who ſeems to think himſelf the ſovereign of the univerſe, becauſe he treats all the other governments as if they were his tributaries.

This note is followed by that of the contributions which he intends to impoſe upon Africa, they relate to the princes who are of the ſame religion; and prove, that there is nothing ſacred to this brigand. We may rely upon the accuracy of theſe details.

Holland, Sweden and Denmark, have made their triennial preſents, the value of which is fixed at 16,500 piaſters. But by the chicanery which the agents have experienced, theſe preſents have increaſed for each of theſe powers to a ſum of about 25,000 piaſters. Total —— piaſters 73,000. Spain had ſent three ſail of the line and two frigates to claim three confiſcated veſſels—The dey was offended at this meaſure; and Spain, to avoid a war, paid the ſum of —— piaſters 240,000. This ſum includes the value of the three ſhips given up. A frigate perfectly equipped is to be ſent to Conſtantinople, by Spain, with warlike ammunition.

The dey claims of the Engliſh for ſeveral cargoes confiſcated by the court of admiralty, the ſum of 180,000 piaſters; and has ſignified, that if it be not paid in four months, he will declare war—He demands of France preſents to the amount of 133,000 piaſters.

The dey requires from the Swediſh agents freſh preſents to the amount of 50,000 piaſters.

He lately ſent for the Daniſh agent, and demanded 100,000 piaſters, in 4 months, beſides a veſſel valued at 12,000.

The captain of the Portugueſe frigate has thrown 312 men into ſlavery. The dey has advanced the moſt exaggerated pretenſions. He demands 200,000 piaſters for the ranſom of a ſingle individual, the ſon of the Portugueſe admiral. Suppoſing that the court of Liſbon obtains the 312 at 2000 piaſters each (which we are far from believing) the regency will obtain 624,000 piaſters. To this we muſt add the amount of preſents, and the value of the frigate, 70,000.

We muſt add alſo the value of 7 ſhips taken by the corſairs, and 75 Genoeſe, Neapolitan and other ſlaves, 307,500 piaſters.

The total of the exactions from Europe is 1,815,500 piaſters. In Africa, he has demanded, beſides the uſual preſents from the beys of Titteri, Conſtantina, and Maſcara, 300,000 piaſters, and 10,000 in private exactions.

He has ordered the bey of Conſtantine to march with all its troops againſt Tunis. He has exacted from the bey of that regency, a ſum amounting nearly to 700,000 piaſters. Total in Africa 1,100,000. The grand total is 2,918,500 piaſters.

COPENHAGEN, June 28.

The admiralty of Denmark, to Mr. Churchman, an American.

The royal board of the admiralty are obliged to you for your attention in ſending us your new variation chart, and according to your propoſal to make ſome experiments on the variation of the magnetic needle on board a veſſel, we beg you will be ſo kind as to apply to captain Snedorf, an officer of the navy, and commander of the ſhip Seyern, to whom we have given our orders on that ſubject.

The royal board of the admiralty,
the 25th June, 1802.
H. KAAS.
J. P. WLEUGEL.
L. NORREGAARD.

July 31.

The board of the admiralty, of which the crown prince is the head, have imagined, that the mean variation of the meridian line extended from the royal obſervatory, proves how near the variation ſcheme [illegible] practices at ſea. Although the coaſt of Sweden is in ſight, there is a good horizon towards the ſun riſing, and the ſucceſs of the experiments have ſatisfactorily eſtabliſhed the adoption of this new plan.

The ſhip which brought Mr. Churchman, has already ſailed for Ruſſia, and it is underſtood he has been prevailed upon to ſtay here two weeks longer, on condition of his going to Peterſburg, or Cronſtadt, at the expiration of that time in the ſhip Seyeren, of 64 guns, which alſo takes on board the young midſhipmen exerciſing for the navy of Denmark.

PARIS, Auguſt 17.

Fete of the 15th of Auguſt.

From the MONITEUR.

The prefect of the department of the Seine, and the members of the different adminiſtrative authorities of that department, and of the commune of Paris, who had the honour to be admitted to the audience of the firſt conſul, aſſembled at the prefecture, place Vendome, at four in the afternoon, and proceeded from thence, preceded by a detachment of huſſars, to the church of Notre Dame, to aſſiſt at Te Deum, afterwards they returned to dinner at the prefecture. The prefect of police, and the ſecretary-general of his prefecture, were invited. Several toaſts were drank, the firſt to the anniverſary of the birth of the firſt conſul.

The communal illumination began at ſeven, by the lighting of a ſtar 30 feet in diameter, placed 40 feet above the platform of one of the towers of Notre Dame. In the centre of that ſtar ſhone the ſign of the Zodiac, under which is the 15th of Auguſt, the day of the firſt conſul's birth. The ſtar formed of patent lamps, burnt longer than all the other illuminations, and was burning at ſun-riſe. The façade of the ancient Hotel de Ville was illuminated as formerly upon grand ceremonies. The citizens thought they beheld in that decoration a reſumption of poſſeſſion, the idea of which appeared to pleaſe them. A figure of 42 feet, repreſenting the ſtatue of peace voted by the ſenate, had been placed on the platform of the Pont Neuf. This figure placed on a globe formed with its baſement and pedeſtal a group 100 feet high.

At nine o'clock fire works were exhibited on the place of the Hotel de Ville and in the Elyſian Fields. After the fire-works the arches Pont Neuf were illuminated.

The illuminating of the columns of la Madelain was delayed by particular circumſtances, and it was not till midnight that it was poſſible to enjoy and appreciate the fine effect of thoſe columns, which ſurmounted by figures characteriſtic of the victories to which the general peace is to be attributed, preſented the novel appearance of eight triumphal columns. The place Vendome repreſented the departments of the republic, repreſented by 121 columns bound together by garlands of oak and olive, crowned by tranſparencies and ſurmounted by tri-coloured flames. Each tranſparency bore the name of a department. The columns and garlands were illuminated in coloured lamps. In the centre of the ſquare, on the firſt ſtone of the departmental column, was a large oak, illuminated with coloured lamps. Around the oak was erected a circular altar, founded upon ſteps, and bearing in it twelve diviſions, in form of tables of law, the ſenatus conſulta of the 2d and 4th of Auguſt, written entirely upon tranſparencies.

Orcheſtras were erected in the place Vendome and the place of the ancient Hotel de Ville; the dancing continued till very late at night.

The direction and execution of this fete was confided to the taſte and activity of citizen Molines, architect of the prefecture of the department.

Auguſt 18.

Since the news of the adoption of the organic laws of the French conſtitution were received at the Hague, the public funds at that place have experienced a conſiderable riſe.

A memorial was lately read at a ſitting of the academy of arts and ſciences at Paris, upon the poſſibility of directing air balloons. The author is citizen Henia, chief of ſquadron of the 15th regiment of dragoons. He maintains that they are capable of being conducted through the air upon the principles of navigation; he propoſes to have a parachute reverſed, as the means of retarding their aſcenſion and horizontal direction.

The prefect of police at Paris has publiſhed his report relative to the application of the hydrogene ſulphurated gas, to medicinal purpoſes. The reſult is, that the experiment is extremely dangerous, and that its uſe ought to be entirely aboliſhed.

Auguſt 20.

Arrets of the 20th Auguſt.

The conſuls of the republic, having ſeen the brief of pope Pius VII. given at St. Peter's, at Rome, on the 29th of June, 1802:

Upon the report of the counſellor of ſtate charged with all the affairs relative to worſhip, the council of ſtate having been heard, decree,

The brief of pope Pius VII. given at St. Peter's, at Rome, on the 29th June, 1802, by which citizen Maurice Talleyrand, miniſter of foreign affairs, is reſtored to the ſecular and lay life, ſhall have its full and entire effect.

The firſt conſul,
(Signed)
BUONAPARTE.

LONDON, Auguſt 20.

The report of the miſunderſtanding between the emperor Alexander and his Swediſh majeſty, in conſequence of the treatment ſaid to be experienced by count Panin from the latter, appears to deſerve no credit. A letter from Stockholm, of the 17th ult. ſtates, that an interview was ſhortly to take place between theſe monarchs, on the frontiers of Sweden.

Auguſt 21.

Yeſterday we received ſome other Paris journals of the 16th inſtant. They contain accounts of the feſtivities which took place upon the proclamation of the organic ſenatus conſultum. Notre Dame, all the public edifices, and even the Pont Neuf, were illuminated. Upon the tower of the cathedral ſparkled a ſtar, and in its centre the Virgin, being that conſtellation which preſided at the birth of the conſul.

Thus does every thing flatter vanity and power from religion to aſtrology; and the fortuneteller diſputes the palm of ſervility with the archbiſhop.

Cardinal Caprara, the pope's legate, performed maſs at Notre Dame, and during the ſervice conſecrated M. Feſch, Buonaparte's uncle, archbiſhop of Lyons. The Proteſtants alſo performed a ſolemn ſervice of thankſgiving in their temple in the Rue St. Thomas du Louvre. There were groups of dancers in the ſtreet during the whole night, and the Pariſians are as happy as if they had carried any one point by ten years of maſſacre and miſery.

A Pruſſian courier paſſed through Bruſſels on the 6th ult. in his way to Paris, with an official account of the occupation of the Pruſſian indemnities by the troops of that kingdom.

The new members elected to parliament amount to 184, of whom 145 are Engliſh, 14 Scotch, and 25 Iriſh.

Auguſt 23.

We yeſterday received Paris journals to the 18th inclusive. While the French government is ſo much embarraſſed about the queſtion of commercial treaty, it is found that notwithſtanding prohibitions and difficulties, or rather it is found that in proportion to theſe obſtacles of regulation, Britiſh goods, &c. find their way to France. A decree of the conſuls eſtabliſhes depots for all goods, prohibited and non-prohibited, at Mentz and Cologne.—The ground alledged for this meaſure is to ſecure the facilities of tranſit, though no mitigation takes place of the laws againſt the introduction of prohibited articles into France. The cuſtom houſe will be obliged through their depots to connive at the traffick. It is clear, indeed, that when goods are allowed to be brought publicly to be put in depot at Mentz and Cologne, means will be deviſed of giving vent to them along the banks of the Rhine, and thus they would be ſmuggled into France. It is quite clear that while the preſent taſte for many Engliſh commodities continues in France, they will be ſmuggled. In all probability thoſe people in France who are engaged in the ſmuggling trade, will naturally be as clamorous as the alarmiſt manufacturers againſt a treaty that would eſtabliſh a free and recognized trade. The ſmugglers wiſh things to be as they are. The French government, however, ſhould know that rigid prohibition does not anſwer the end propoſed, while it deprives the revenue of what would be paid in moderate duties. The policy would be therefore to impoſe juſt as ſevere a duty as would make ſmuggling a loſing attempt. No other plan can protect domeſtic manufactures better than this.

The intelligence from Germany relates entirely to the plans of indemnities, and of new modelling the Germanic body, which are in agitation. Pruſſia has taken poſſeſſion of ſeveral parts of its ſhare, particularly the dominions of the late electorate of Cologne and Munſter. Report ſtates that a number of new electors are to be created. In fact, whatever idle plans may be attempted *a la Franҫois* to give a new conſtitution to the Germanic empire, the thing will be found to be impoſſible. A mean, factious, undignified aſſembly of the various partizans of Auſtria, Pruſſia and France, may be formed and entitled the college of electors, but it will only be a ſcene of paltry intrigue, will be deſtitute of real authority, and its deciſions, while deſpiſed by the loſing party, would give little real weight to that in whoſe favour they were pronounced. In fact ſuch is the rage for encroachment, and ſuch the dangerous principle on which the indemnities now claimed by the great powers proceed, that all the ſmaller ſtates will probably be abſorbed. Formerly their exiſtence and their rights were reſpected from pride, if not from a ſenſe of

juſtice; but the ſpoilation being now recognized in practice, preſents too much convenience to the great powers ever to be abandoned, or even limitted in its uſe. Might has ſo completely overcome right, that no other rule will be conſulted; and from time to time the quarrels of princes will be appeaſed, or their common cupidity gratified, by confiſcating the dominions of their weaker neighbours. The eccleſiaſtical ſtates in the empire are firſt ſacrificed, but the reſt will find in their turn that they have no better rights, and no more ſatisfactory arguments to oppoſe to ambition, and to the laſt reaſon of kings and conſuls.

Price of ſtocks this day at one o'clock.

3 per cent. conſols 68 5-8 5-8—Omnium 8 1-2 3-4 8 diſ.

August 24.

A paper of yeſterday ſtates, "Private accounts from Paris talk of a ſort of *oſtracism*, which is to be ſanctioned by a *ſenatus conſultum*, to comprehend all thoſe who have taken part in the troubles of the interior, or in intrigues with the foreign enemy. The *incorrigible* royaliſts will, it is ſaid, be conducted to the frontiers of the republic; while thoſe who have been active in anarchical or jacobinical conſpiracies, are to be tranſported beyond the ſeas. The liſt is forming under the eye of the firſt conſul; he has collected in a book, which he does not ſhew to any perſon, very detailed accounts of the moſt marked characters of the revolution. No one knows who has furniſhed him with theſe accounts; but he conſults this book every time he has a nomination to make, or a rigourous meaſure to order."

BOSTON, October 1.

OF ALGIERS.

Since the capture of a Portugueſe frigate by an Algerine 44 gun ſhip, the dey of that regency has exhibited an uncommon degree of hauteur towards all the Chriſtian conſuls in his dominions, and has threatened hoſtilities againſt all the worſhippers of the CROSS, unleſs they augment their tributes to him. Spain, it is ſaid, has complied with the demand of this petty tyrant, and has conſented to pay him two millions of dollars. Buonaparte purſues a different policy and is fitting out a ſquadron from Toulon to chaſtiſe his inſolence. We moſt ſincerely wiſh him ſucceſs. How it ſtands with the other powers we have not learnt. Mr. O'Brien, (our late conſul at Algiers, who is now ſucceeded by Mr. Catheart, late conſul at Tripoli) thinks it not improbable that in an unguarded moment, the dey will declare war againſt the United States, or demand *beaucoup d'Argent*. He alſo ſtates, that Algiers has two frigates of 48 and 34 guns; four x-becs from 24 to 26 guns; two polacres of 22 and 18 guns; four brigs from 22 to 16 guns; 2 or 3 ſmall cruiſers; 30 gun boats; about 200 ſail of coaſters, with lattine ſails, from 20 to 30 tons. It has alſo in its treaſury 50 or 60 millions of dollars: and holds 1500 Chriſtians in ſlavery.

NEW-YORK, October 7.

Extract of a letter from a reſpectable commercial houſe in Liſbon, to a merchant in this city, dated Auguſt 12, received by the brig Sally, capt. Lord.

"Our political news conſiſts in the ſudden going away of the French miniſter gen. Lannes, after (as is underſtood) ſeveral ſquabbles with this court, of which he did not take leave, nor has he left any one as charge d'affaires. We hazard no conjectures on the conſequences of ſuch a ſtep, which in ordinary caſes would have been looked upon as a declaration of war. It cauſes ſome ſenſation here; and our paper money, which was at 9 per cent. diſcount, is now at 12."

NORFOLK, October 2.

Late from the Mediterranean.

Captain Fletcher, of the ſhip Hitty, of Boſton, 70 days from Leghorn, bound to Baltimore, has favoured us with the following particulars:

That he left Gibraltar the 1ſt Auguſt, at which time the frigates Cheſapeake and Adams, and the ſchooner Enterprize were lying there. Was informed by commodore Morris, that the emperor of Morocco had propoſed to make peace for ſix months, and had ſent for Mr. Simpſon, American conſul, who went over to Ceuta the 27th July in the ſchooner Enterprize, to meet the governor of Tangiers, on that ſubject. Commodore Morris was waiting to know the reſult of the negotiation; which if favourable, he was to proceed up the Mediterranean. There were certain account of ſix ſail of Tripolitan cruiſers out, the largeſt of which mounts but ſix guns; they are all full of men.—The Boſton frigate, capt. M'Neil, was at Naples the 14th July, and hourly expected at Gibraltar.

It was underſtood at Leghorn, that the Engliſh have refuſed to deliver up Malta; 200 Britiſh officers had been ſent from Port Mahon to Malta, to take command of the regiments there. Various were the conjectures reſpecting the circumſtance; by ſome it is ſaid, that the Malteſe have refuſed to come under their ancient government; but the account moſt credited is, that the Britiſh are fearful of the diviſion of Turkey.

WASHINGTON, October 8.

We learn that Mr. King, by the leave of government, was to have left England about the 20th of Auguſt laſt, on a tour to the continent of Europe, and that he would be abſent two or three months. Mr. Chriſtopher Gore, one of the commiſſioners of the U. States, under the 7th article of the late treaty with England, acts during Mr. King's abſence, as the charge d'affaires of the U. States at London.

We underſtand that Mr. Otto, the French miniſter to this country, will not leave England until February next; when Mr. Merry the miniſter for England will alſo leave Paris: and that in the ſpring both will repair to the United States.

BALTIMORE, October 7.

It is with regret we have to mention the loſs of the French ſhip Neptune, 78 days from Havre-de-Grate, bound to this port with a valuable cargo of dry goods, coming to the addreſs of Meſſrs. A. and F. Tubeuf. She ſunk 30 leagues from Cape Henry; the crew and paſſengers were picked up by the ſchr. Fanny, capt. Forſyth, from Turks-Iſland, bound to New-London, and landed at Hampton yeſterday. Paſſengers, Meſſrs. A. Tubeuf (of Norfolk) Joſhua Barney, Holes, and O'Mealy (of Baltimore) and 10 French gentlemen and ladies.

[*Norfolk Herald.*]

October 9.

Died of a lingering illneſs, on the 27th September laſt, on his paſſage to Baltimore from Boſton, to which place he went the laſt ſummer for the benefit of his health, Mr. WILLIAM DORSEY of Elk-Ridge. He was a young gentleman in life much reſpected—in death greatly lamented.

LOUISIANA.

A London paper of the 3d of Auguſt contains the following on the ſubject of Louiſiana.

"We are aſſured that an important document may ſhortly be expected to be publiſhed in the French Journal reſpecting the ceſſion of the province of Louiſiana by the court of Madrid to France. General Bernadotte has received orders to hold himſelf in readineſs to embark with a ſmall army for that country, of which he is appointed governor and commandant-general."

A paper of the 17th ſays—

"Letters from French ſoldiers lately embarked at Toulon and Breſt, ſtate, that they are deſtined againſt Algiers. Troops have alſo been embarked for Louiſiana. Twenty different paragraphs have corroborated this fact."

EAST-INDIES.

AWFUL AND SUBLIME SPECTACLE!

Cape-Town Gazette, December 12.

On Tueſday morning laſt, about 10 o'clock, the Table Mountain preſented a ſublime and awful ſpectacle. The weather was ſultry, calm, and rather hazy. A ſmall cloud reſted upon the ſummit of that part of the mountain facing Cape-town, where only it is acceſſable through a deep ravine. In a moment this cloud became violently agitated, and was hurried down the ſide of the mountain with a loud rumbling noiſe, like that of thunder, accompanied with the ruſtling ſound of a torrent of water, which continued 30 ſeconds; during which interval the cloud had deſcended half way down the mountain, enveloping a maſs of moving matter, ſuppoſed by the ſpectators to be a ſtream of lava iſſuing from a volcanic eruption of the mountain. The noiſe, however, gradually ſubſiding, the duſt and the vapour diſſipated, and it appeared that a huge maſs of the uppermoſt ſtratum had by ſome means or other been detached from the mountain, and in its paſſage down the deep chaſm, had ſhattered into a myriad of fragments every thing that oppoſed its paſſage. This ravine being the uſual, and indeed the only road by which the mountain can be aſcended on the ſide next the town, is by no means ſafe to be approached; the perpendicular cheeks on each ſide are at leaſt a thouſand feet high, and threaten momently to choak up the chaſm, with their ruins.

Capt. Thibault has meaſured the fragment above mentioned and the dimenſions are

In length	18 feet
Breadth	15
Height	14

The ſolidity of this irregular and cavernous maſs he eſtimates at 3,400 cubic feet, and its weight about 560,000 pounds, 250 tuns. Its nature ſiliceous ſandſtone, of a compact granular texture.

Had a rock of this magnitude been detached from any other part of the face of the mountain, except the cheeks of the ravine, it would in all probability have worked its paſſage to the very ſkirts of the town.

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During the war of La Vendee, the duke de la Rochefoucault (condemned to die as well as his daughter) found in the reſources of that affectionate girl the means of concealing himſelf till a period arrived more favourable to that juſtice which he ſucceſsfully claimed. His daughter's firſt care was to place him under the roof and protection of an artiſan, who had formerly been a domeſtic in the duke's ſervice, after which ſhe procured an aſylum for herſelf. They were thus both ſecure from the immediate power of their perſecutors; but as the duke's property was confiſcated, and as compaſſion is apt to grow weary of its good offices, the means of their bare ſubſiſtence were ſoon worn out. While the daughter was ſuffering under the extreme of poverty, ſhe learnt that her father's health was declining for wants of due nouriſhment. She now ſaw no way but to devote her life to ſave her father's, and ſhe inſtantly made the reſolve. A general of the republic at that very time was paſſing through the city in which was her place of concealment, and to him ſhe wrote the following letter:

"*Citizen General,*

"Where, ever the voice of nature is heard, a daughter may be allowed to claim the compaſſion of men in behalf of her father. Condemned to death at the ſame time with him who gave me being, I have ſucceſsfully preſerved him from the ſword of the executioner, and have preſerved myſelf to watch over his ſafety. But in ſaving his life, I have not been able to furniſh all that is neceſſary to ſupport him. My unhappy father, whoſe entire property is confiſcated, ſuffers at this moment the want of almoſt, every thing.—Without cloaths, without bread, without a friend to ſave him from periſhing of want, he has not even the reſource of the beggar, which ſtill furniſhes a little hope, that of being able to appeal to the compaſſionate, and to preſent his white hairs to thoſe that might be moved to give him aid: my father, if he is not ſpeedily ſuccoured, will die in his place of concealment, and thus, after ſnatching him from a violent death, I ſhall have to ſuſtain the mournful reflection of having betrayed him to one more lingering and painful—that of dying of cold and hunger.

"Be the judge, citizen-general, of the extent of my misfortune, and own that it is worthy of pity. One reſource only is left me. It is to caſt myſelf upon your generoſity. I offer you my head; I undertake to go, and to go willingly, to the ſcaffold, but give immediate ſuccour to my dying father. Below I give you the name of my place of concealment; there I will expect death with pleaſure, if I may promiſe myſelf that you will be touched with prayers, and will relieve my old and deſtitute parent.

The ſoldier had no ſooner read this letter than he haſtened to the aſylum of Madame de Rochefoucault, and not only relieved her father, but ſecretly protected both, and after the 9th Thermidor, procured the reſtoration of M. de Rochefoucault's property by a reviſion of their ſentence.

[*Lon. pap.*]

Annapolis, October 14.

The following gentlemen are elected members of the houſe of delegate in the enſuing general aſſembly, viz.

For Anne-Arundel county, Lloyd Dorſey, Richard H. Harwood, Richard Merriken and William Deſey, Eſquires.

For Calvert county, Thomas Blake, Richard Gotham, John Somerville and Thomas Bourne, Eſquires.

For Charles county, Philip Stewart, Samuel Jones, Henry H. Chapman and William H. M'Pherſon, Eſquires.

For Baltimore county, Nicholas R. Moore, Tobias E. Stanſbury, Thomas Love and Alexis Lemmon, Eſquires.

For Cæcil county, Daniel Sheredine, William Miller, James Alexander and Edward H. Veazey, Eſquires.

For Prince-George's county, Robert Bowie, Peter Wood, Archibald Van-Horn and Samuel Carr, Eſquires.

For the city of Annapolis, Allen Quynn and Richard Ridgely, Eſquires.

For Harford county, John Montgomery, John Forwood, Elijah Davis and James Lytle, Eſquires.

For Waſhington county, Martin Kerſhner, Richard Cromwell, Robert Smith and Friſby Tilghman, Eſquires.

For Montgomery county, Elemeleck Swearinger, Thomas Davis, Brice Selby and Hezekiah Veatch, Eſquires.

For Allegany county, John H. Bayard, John Simkins, Jeſſe Tomlinſon and Joſeph Creſap, Eſquires.

—

"Departed this tranſitory life on the 30th September, Mr. DANIEL CLARKE, Sen. of Prince-George's county, in the 69th year of his age.

A brighter example of virtue, truth, integrity, and benevolence, never ſhone on earth, nor did a purer ſpirit ever aſk admittance at the gate of Heaven.

No ſingle virtue we could moſt commend,
Whether the huſband, father, or the friend;
For he was all, in that ſupreme degree,
That as no one prevail'd, ſo all was he.

Sainted ſpirit! accept this laſt tribute of love, and reverential affection, from a regretting and lamenting friend."

Purſuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, on Tueſday the ſecond day of November next, at the late dwelling of THOMAS CORNELIUS HOWARD, on Elk-Ridge, for CASH,

A QUANTITY of tobacco and rye ſtraw, with ſundry other articles. The ſale to commence at 12 o'clock, A. M.

BRICE HOWARD, } Executors.
JOHN ROWAN, }

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcribers of Anne-Arundel county, executors of THOMAS CORNELIUS HOWARD, have obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters teſtamentary on the perſonal eſtate of Thomas Cornelius Howard, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed. All perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcribers, at or before the firſt day of April next, they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate. Given under our hands this 13th day of October, 1802.

BRICE HOWARD, } Executors.
JOHN ROWAN, }

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

To Dr. HAMILTON, author of the celebrate WORM LOZENGES.

HOW much, great HAMILTON, were we
Deceived by ancient forms;
Since all diseases now we see,
Originate from worms.

"Men," it is said, are creeping worms,
Mere reptiles weak and vain,
They crawl on earth, 'till death alarms,
Then turn to earth again.

That females too are worms we find,
Since Eve brought on us evil,
And for an apple freely joined,
With that curst worm the Devil.

Boys too, have worms of various length,
Ne'er seen in times of yore,
Nor do I doubt their mighty strength,
The entrails to devour.

For all mankind in every clime,
Are worms of some degree;
Then why, dear doctor, waste your time,
To set our bowels free.

Know that thy art and powder's vain,
Since statesmen it is seen,
Cannot with it, their worm restrain
Or cure it's wonted spleen.

That worms will know their kindred kind,
We hourly may see,
Altho' for others, a cure you find,
Yet worms shall *eat* e'en thee.

PHILO-WORMUS.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the first of January, 1803,

A TRACT of land called The FREE-SCHOOL, containing about one hundred acres of land; there are on the premises some old dwellings, and a small apple orchard; this land is sold for the payment of a debt due the subscriber from the late Mr. Joseph Thompson, or Joseph Thompson and Co. and is expected to sell for something more than will satisfy that claim; those, therefore, who have claims against the said Joseph Thompson, or Joseph Thompson and Co. are notified to bring them in, legally authenticated, that they may receive their just proportions or respective dividends. If any balance remains, on or before the first day of December next, those who do not notify such claims by the said first day of December next, I shall consider as having generously given the same to the orphan child of the said Joseph Thompson, and shall accordingly proceed to vest the property in the said orphan child of the said Joseph Thompson immediately after the said first day of January, 1803, or as soon as the sale is made to the amount of the remainder, if any, as above relinquished.

PHILIP FORD.

FOR SALE.

Will positively be SOLD, on the premises, on Monday the 15th of November, at 12 o'clock,

THAT tract of LAND, containing 352 acres, 4 miles from Elk-Ridge Landing. Will also be sold, on the premises, on Tuesday the 16th of November next, at 12 o'clock, 190 acres of land, at the Head of South river, 6 miles from Annapolis; these lands were advertised for sale on the 9th and 10th of September last. Terms of sale as mentioned in that advertisement.

JOHN BURGESS,
MATILDA BURGESS,
CALEB BURGESS,
SAMUEL BURGESS,
REZIN SPURRIER, and WIFE.

Annapolis, October 12, 1802.

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT the tract of land called BELLFIELD, lying on the north side of Severn river, and adjoining White Hall, will be SOLD on Saturday the 23d of October, at 3 o'clock, at Mr. Caton's tavern. It would be well for them who may wish to purchase to pay attention, as it is well known that there are few if any farms equal, and none superior in value, to the above. Terms will be made known on the day of sale.

JOHN HESSELIUS.

N. B. If any gentleman is anxious to treat for said place previous to the day of sale, I would have no objection to sell at a private sale.

To be RENTED,

THE plantation whereon the subscriber now lives, on Severn river, near Mr. Maynadier's and Mr. Basil Brown's. There are on the premises a good dwelling house, kitchen and out houses; also a large apple and peach orchard. The land is well wooded and watered. For terms apply to the subscriber.

ACHSAH MARRIOTT.

EVAN GWYNN, Esquire, is hereby authorized to receive the taxes due by non residents in Allegany county, for the year 1802, and balances due for 1801, during the sitting of the general court.

WILLIAM M'MAHON, Coll. Cur.

Cumberland, October 8, 1802.

WAX-WORK.

Mr. DAVENPORT,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies and gentlemen of Annapolis, that he has now open in the Ball-Room,

A new and most elegant

EXHIBITION OF WAX-WORK,

Consisting of twenty-five figures, as large as life, among which are the following characters:

A striking likeness of the late

General GEORGE WASHINGTON,

In another apartment the illustrious hero is represented as falling a victim to death, his lady and domestics weeping around him.

His EXCELLENCY

THOMAS JEFFERSON,

President of the United States.

A number of beauties, and sundry other figures.

The exhibition will be opened from 9 o'clock in the morning till 9 in the evening, and will positively be removed from this town the 23d instant, therefore all who wish to see this collection must improve the present opportunity.

Admittance, one half a dollar for grown persons—children half price.

The above figures are new, good likenesses, and elegantly finished.

Annapolis, October 14, 1802.

BOOKS for SALE,

A valuable collection, in the different departments of Literature and Science—

AMONG which may be enumerated a variety of Dictionaries and Grammars in the English, classics, French, Italian, Greek and Latin languages; the admired classical works of Homer, Xenophon, Longinus, Lucian, &c. in Greek; Cicero Delphini, Virgil, Horace, Ovid, Juvenal, Cæsar, Sallust, &c. in Latin; Telamaque, Gil Blas, &c. French, or in English; Books of Moral Science and Philosophy, as Paley's, Beattie's, Enfield's, Nicholson's, &c. Lectures and Essays, as Blair's; Reid's, Smith's and Priestley's; Treatises on Book-keeping, Surveying and Arithmetic; Morse's Navigation, Ferguson's Astronomy, Euclid's Elements, Preceptor, Botannic Garden, Metford and Gillis's History of Greece, Potter's Grecian and Kennet's Roman Antiquities, Lamp. Classical Dictionary, Tooke's Pantheon, Plutarch's Lives, 6 vols. Rollins's Ancient History, 10 vols. Morse's, Guthrie's and Payne's Geography, Scot's and Brook's Universal Gazetteer, Hume's History of England, continued, 12 vols. octavo, Goldsmith's History of England, of Greece and Rome, Robertson's India, Ramsay's America, History of America, abridged, and other works, for the use of schools; Burke's Works, Shakespeare, Goldsmith and Thompson's; Mackenzie's, &c. Voyages; Moore's Travels, Johnson's Poets, Spectator, Looker On, Smith's Wealth of Nations, Elements of Education, Watson's Reply to Paine, Fordyce's Addresses to Young Men, English Reader, Washington's Life, Abbey Barruel's French Clergy; Novels; Books of Oratory and Religion.

LAW BOOKS.

The subscriber has a few sets of Blackstone's Commentaries for sale, also Christian's Notes, as a fifth volume to Blackstone, to illustrate his Commentaries; Willis's Reports and Adjudged Cases, 2 vols. octavo; Vesey, jun's. Reports, 3 vols. the 4th and 5th are in the press, as is East's Reports, vol. 1, being a continuation of Dunsford and East, in 8 vols. forming a new series of reports in the King's Bench; Vattel's Law of Nations, Natural Law, Spirit of Laws, Cases of Nisi Prius, Constitution and Laws of the United States, Attorney's Pocket-book and Blank Books.

Gentlemen of the Bar who are in want of Law Books, and who are disposed to favour the subscriber with any order may be supplied, on a short notice, with European or American publications at the Philadelphia retail prices. Mr. P. Byrne, an eminent bookseller, one of his correspondents, has undertaken, on a large scale, to print good American editions of new laws, which must ultimately serve the profession as well as benefit the country. Country schools and private libraries may be supplied on low terms with books of instruction or amusement.

R. OWEN, Book-seller
to St. John's College.

N. B. Those gentlemen who subscribed for Rowlets Tables of Interest and Discount, and who are not supplied are requested to make it known, several copies are left for distribution.

R. Owen has a few copies of the American Encyclopædia for sale, the 3d and 4th numbers are daily expected. Those gentlemen who are disposed to encourage the undertaking are requested to leave their names with the subscriber.

In CHANCERY, October 12, 1802.

ORDERED, That the sale made by THEODORE HODGKIN, as stated in his report this day filed, of the real estate of MARY LILES, in Calvert county, shall be ratified, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the twentieth day of November next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette during the present month. The report states the sale of 334 acres 131 pounds, part of two tracts, RED HALL and LONG LANE for £.1065 9 9.

True copy,

SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of THOMAS SMALLWOOD, late of Charles county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 8th day of May next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 30th day of September, 1802.

LEDSTONE SMALLWOOD, Administrator.

NOTICE is also given to the creditors of said deceased, that I will attend at the public house in Troy, Charles county, on the above-mentioned 8th day of May next, for the purpose of paying the due proportion on all legal claims, agreeably to the amount of assets in my hands.

LEDSTONE SMALLWOOD, Administrator.

Upper-Marlborough Races.

To be run for, on Tuesday the 2d day of November next, over a good course,

A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, the four mile heats.

On Wednesday, the day following, a like purse of SIXTY DOLLARS, the winning horse the preceding day excepted, the three mile heats. And,

On Thursday a like purse of FORTY DOLLARS, with the entrance money, free only for colts, the two mile heats. Weights each day to be regulated by the Annapolis Jockey Club rules, and to start precisely at 12 o'clock.

Subscribers to pay one shilling, and non subscribers two shillings in the pound, entrance, which must be done the day preceding the race, or double at the post.

Judges will be appointed to determine all disputes.

Upper-Marlborough, October 9, 1802.

Sweep stakes for colts three years old.

THE subscribers agree to run a sweep stakes of one hundred dollars each, half forfeit, over the course at the City of Washington, on the second Tuesday in November, 1803, two mile heats, carrying ninety pounds each. The subscription to remain open till the first day of January next; to be lodged in the hands of David M'Mechen, Esq; of Baltimore, who is to admit any further subscriber he may think proper, or any one recommended by one of the subscribers at this time.

PHILIP STEWART,
WM. B. BEANS,
J. B. BOND,
C. RIDGELY, of Hampton,
GEORGE BEVANS, for Edward Lloyd,
WALTER BOWIE,
SAMUEL RINGGOLD.

Govern's-town, May 11, 1802.

Philip Stewart names his sorrel colt *Harlequin* by *Gabriel*, 2 years old.

W. B. Beans names his sorrel filly *Kitty*, by *Gabriel*, 2 years old.

Edward Lloyd names a grey colt *Gold Finder*, by *Medley*, out of *Primrose*, 2 years old.

Joshua B. Bond names his bay colt *Free Republican*, by *Medley*, out of general Ridgely's *Peg*, 2 years old.

General Ridgely names his grey colt *Governeur*, by *Medley*, out of *Sheperdess*, 2 years old.

Walter Bowie names a bay filly, by *High Flier*, out of the dam of *Democrat*.

Samuel Ringgold names a bay colt *Selim*, by *Gabriel*, out of Charles Fox's dam.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

BENJAMIN M. M'CASKEY.

IMPORTED,

In the brig Malabar, Captain Bunker, from Madeira, and for sale by the subscriber,

A FEW PIPES OF GENUINE

London Particular Madeira Wine,

By the Pipe, Half Pipe, or Quarter Cask,

FIT FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

MILBOURN SIGELL.

Annapolis, September 1.

NOTICE.

I MEAN to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to relieve me from debts, which, from a variety of misfortunes, I am unable to pay.

PHILIP TRUMAN BRISCOE.

Charles county, September 15, 1802.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the ensuing legislature of this state to be released from debts which I am unable to pay.

RALPH M'CREERY.

Baltimore county, October, 2, 1802.

To be SOLD,

For a term of years,

A LUSTY, strong, and healthy young NEGRO WOMAN. Inquire of the printer.

Annapolis, September 7, 1802.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to an order of the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, at the late dwelling of WILLIAM MERRIKEN, deceased, on the Head of South river, near the Governor's Bridge, on Wednesday the 10th of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day,

SO much of the personal property of the said deceased as will pay a part of the just demands against his estate, consisting of cattle, sheep, hogs, and some plantation utensils, joiners tools, and probably some wheat, rye, corn and fodder, with several other articles too tedious to mention, the particulars will be made known on the day of sale. Terms of sale, cash for all sums under ten pounds, and all sums above that to give bond, or note, with approved security, payable in three months.

All persons having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in, duly attested, before the day of sale, and those who are indebted are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

SARAH MERRIKEN, Executrix,
JOSEPH EVANS, Executor.

October 5, 1802. 2

Will be SOLD, at the dwelling-house of the subscriber, on Saturday the 23d of October next,

ALL the personal property of M. NYOL DE D'LALIE, deceased, consisting of a number of valuable books, historical, philosophical, &c. musical instruments, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention. Terms of sale ready CASH.

ELIZABETH CLAUDE, Administratrix.

Annapolis, September 29, 1802. 3

REMOVAL.

JOSEPH EVANS

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has REMOVED to his store in the south end of the large brick building fronting the Dock, directly opposite the market, and lately in the possession of Mr. Absalom Ridgely, where he has for sale, A VERY LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF THE MOST FASHIONABLE GOODS.

J. Evans, grateful for the many favours he has received since his commencement in business on his own account, respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

He expects, in the course of a few days, an addition to his present very extensive assortment, by the fall ships.

A very large assortment of GROCERIES as usual.

☞ A good deduction will be allowed for CASH.

September 15, 1802. 4

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away the Wednesday after Whitsunday last, a negro boy named HEZ, about nineteen years of age, five feet high, he is a black fellow, and stammers when spoken to, he is an artful villain, and on the left or right shoulder is a mark by a burn when a child; had on when he went away, a long blue coat, a pair of corduroy pantaloons, an oznabrig shirt. I suppose he is harboured by his father who belongs to Walter Clarett, in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne. Whoever takes up said fellow, and secures him in any gaol, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, paid by

BENJ. DUVALL, of ELISHA.

N. B. I forewarn all persons from harbouring said fellow on their peril. 10

To be RENTED,

THAT commodious dwelling-house, lately occupied by WALTER DULANY, Esq; in this city, to which belongs an excellent garden, out houses, &c. For terms apply to Mr. ADDISON, now in possession of the premises, or to

SAMUEL RIDOUT.

Annapolis, May 17, 1802. 16

To the Amateurs of Dancing.

THOSE who are desirous of becoming proficients in the polite art of dancing, are respectfully informed that Mr. Duport's SCHOOL is now open for the reception of young ladies and gentlemen, who will have the best opportunity that has ever offered itself in this city of perfecting themselves in different characters of dances, such as cadriels, of which Mr. Duport is the original composer in America, a variety of cotillions received yearly from Paris, allemande, Waltz de la cour minuet and gavotte, with the Devonshire minuet, and several fancy dances, the most in vogue.

Mr. Duport's superiority in the various branches of his profession, the result of twenty years experience, is universally acknowledged by the first judges of the art.

A peculiar advantage enjoyed by the pupils of Mr. Duport is, that after six months instruction from him, they never require the assistance of any other master, but become themselves competent judges of the performance of others.

N. B. Those who honour Mr. Duport with their commands, or require further particulars, will please to apply to him in Well-street, in the house formerly occupied by Mr. B. Fowler, where cotillions and country dances of his own composition may be had.

To THE PUBLIC.

I TAKE this mode of informing those who may have property for sale, that I will act as auctioneer, on application. My experience and ability in that line may be known on inquiry.

C. MILLS.

Annapolis, August 17, 1802. 6

Annapolis and George-Town MAIL-STAGE,

To run twice a week after the first of September next.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the mail-stage will leave Mr. Caton's inn, Annapolis, every Tuesday and Thursday, (after the above date) at five o'clock, A. M. and arrive at George-town at six, P. M.

RETURNING,

Will leave M'Laughlin's tavern, George-town, every Wednesday and Saturday, at five o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Annapolis at six P. M. Fare, three dollars for each passenger, with an allowance of 20lbs. baggage—150lbs extra baggage to pay the same as a passenger. All baggage to be at the risk of the owner.

HENRY COOKE,
THOMAS COOKENDERFER,
Proprietors.

August 11, 1802.

LOST,

Supposed by Lending,

THE LAWS of MARYLAND from 1777 to 1783, both inclusive, in one volume—A return of them will much oblige F. GREEN.

PROPOSALS

By DAVID BROWN, No. 372, North Third-street, Philadelphia,

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

A COMPENDIUM OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY:

IN FIVE VOLUMES.

BY JOHN WESLEY, A. M.

"These are thy glorious works, Parent of Good,
"Almighty! Thine this universal frame,
"Thus wond'rous fair! Thyself how wond'rous
"then!"

THE erudition of Mr. Wesley stands in competition with the *first* writers of the present age. He was of a deep penetrating mind—matured by *long experience* in *scientific* studies. He willingly embraced any toil which might promote the *wisdom* and *happiness* of mankind. With this view, he compiled this SYSTEM OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

This work is not too diffuse, not expressed in many words, but comprised in so moderate a compass, as not to require any large *expence*, either of *time* or *money*—Not maimed or imperfect; but containing whatever is *known* with any degree of *certainty*, either with regard to the *earth* or the *heavens*, and this in the plainest dress; simply and nakedly expressed, in the most *clear*, *easy*, and *intelligible* manner, that the nature of things would allow—To which are added, the most valuable *discoveries* both of our own and the foreign societies, *ancient* and *modern*. The learned have admired this performance as a most *useful* and *instructive compendium*.

CONDITIONS.

I. This work will be neatly printed, with a new type, on fine medium paper, in five volumes, each volume containing nearly four hundred pages, duodecimo.

II. A volume will be published every three months, neatly bound and lettered, payable on delivery, 1 dollar and 40 cents.

III. Subscribers names will be annexed to the last volume.

IV. An elegant portrait of the author will be given as a frontispiece, executed by the first American artist.

V. As soon as sufficient encouragement is met with, the work shall be put to press.

VI. Those who obtain ten subscribers, and are responsible for their payment, shall receive one copy gratis.

, Subscriptions received at this office. 7

The George-Town and Annapolis STAGE

WILL commence on the first Monday in October next to run three times a week; leave Annapolis every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and return from George-town every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Fare and allowance as usual.

JOSEPH SEMMES,
JOHN SMITH.

This is intended to accommodate such gentlemen and ladies as are going to and from Frederick and Hagar's-town.

September 24, 1802. 3X

THE sale of the property of PHILEMON BROWN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, is postponed till further notice is given.

JOHN WORTHINGTON.

September 28, 1802. 3

NOTICE.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery, will be SOLD, on Monday the eighteenth day of October next, at PUBLIC AUCTION, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises,

THE real estate of BENJAMIN CHENEY, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, consisting of two tracts of land, lying and being in the county aforesaid, near Mount Pleasant ferry, supposed to contain about two hundred acres, called BENJAMIN'S CHOICE, and BENJAMIN'S CONTENT. This property will be sold by the acre. The terms of sale, the purchaser or purchasers to give bond to the trustee, as such, with security, by the trustee to be approved, for paying the purchase money, with interest, within fifteen months from the time of sale.

NICHOLAS BREWER, Jun. Trustee.

September 22, 1802. 3

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

ISIDORE HARDEY.

Pistataway, September 2, 1802. 6

THE subscriber, finding from a variety of misfortunes, that he is not able to pay all his just debts, gives notice to his creditors, that he intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to pass an act for his relief, &c.

ALEXANDER KENNEY.

Baltimore, September 27, 1802. 3

To be SOLD,

FOR WANT OF EMPLOY,

A NEGRO GIRL,

About 16 years old, she is very active and handy. For particulars inquire of the printers. 4

THOMAS SHAW

Has removed his store opposite to Mr. JOSEPH EVANS's, where he offers for sale the following articles,

A HANDSOME well toned Piano forte, prints of Jefferson, Columbus, the Apotheosis of Washington, and the Death of general Wolfe.

Dressing glasses, japanned tea trays, plate warmers, dressing boxes, bottle coasters, bread and knife trays, plated, brass and japanned candlesticks, chamber lamps, with boxes of wicks, plated tea urns, castors, cans and goblets, mahogany knife cases, japanned and satin wood tea caddies, brass andirons, fenders, shovels tongs, and cinder sifters, writing and letter paper, quills, ink-powder, wafers, ink-stands, & slates, Reeve's patent water colours, India ink and rubber, colour tyles, black lead and camel hair pencils, and silver pencil cases, watch keys, seals, penknives, scissors, sleeve buttons, tooth brushes, and court plaister, iron, brass and flock door locks, cupboard, desk, trunk and drawer ditto, planes, hammers, chisels, screw drivers, nails, brass tacks, sprigs, bolts, hinges, latches, common handles, cloak pins, knives and forks, gun locks, boot hooks, snuffers and snuffer trays, house brooms, hearth ditto, white wash, shoe, furniture, and scrubbing brushes, tumblers, decanters, wine glasses, salts, goblets, punch glasses, plates, dishes, mugs, bowls and pitchers.

Teas, sugars, coffee, rice, pearl barley, sago, mace, allspice, nutmegs, starch, pepper, mustard, soap and candles, brandy, spirit, gin, whiskey, &c. with sundry other articles, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms.

Annapolis, August 21, 1802. 3

KENNEDY,

Carver, Gilder, and Looking-Glass Manufacturer, No. 2, North Gay-street, Baltimore.

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Annapolis, that he executes all kinds of ornamental carving and gilding looking-glass and picture frames, gerondoles, brackets, window cornices, gilt chairs, tables, &c. He has erected tables for the polishing and silvering of old looking-glasses, which will in every respect render them equal to new. He flatters himself, from the encouragement he has already received from several inhabitants of Annapolis, that he will be enabled to give that general satisfaction, which will be the height of his ambition, to accomplish which no exertion on his part shall be spared. He has, for their greater convenience and more correctly receiving their orders, appointed Mr. J. Shaw to receive their commands, which will be executed at his general prices, which are the lowest Philadelphia. The greatest allowance made for old looking-glasses in exchange.

I WILL SELL my plantation, on the north side of Severn river, containing from 900 to 1000 acres of land, with the improvements, &c. This tract of land is so well known for its valuable situation and prime quality of soil, that a further description is supposed unnecessary. Any person inclined to purchase will please to make application by letter or personally, to the subscriber, Cumberland, Allegany county, Maryland. The terms of sale will be reasonable, provided a part of the money is paid down. 3

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.